

LATEST NEWS OF THE WORLD BY TELEGRAPH AND CABLE. { CONTINUED ON PAGES 6, 11.

VICTORY IS WON, THE LOSS GREAT

British Capture Spion Kop and
Sustain Repeated Attacks.

JUBILATION CHASTENED

British Realize That Warren's
Success is Only Provisional.

BOERS MAY RECAPTURE

They Have Not Abandoned the Hope
of Retaking Lost Position—General
Woodgate Mortally Wounded—
While British Casualties May
Be Considerable the Courage of
the Men Is Pronounced Splendid—
Relief of Tension in Stock Ex-
change Very Marked After Re-
ceipt of News of British Victory.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
London, Jan. 25.—The War Office has
issued the following dispatch from
Spearman's Camp, dated January 25,
12:10 a. m.: "Gen. Warren's troops last
night occupied Spion kop, surprising
the small garrison, who fled. It has
been held by us all day, though we
were heavily attacked, especially by a
very annoying shell-fire. I fear our
casualties are considerable, and I have
to inform you with regret that General
Woodgate was dangerously wounded.
General Warren is of the opinion that
he has rendered the enemy's position
untenable. The men's courage was
splendid."

JOY IN LONDON.
London, Jan. 25.—2:25 p. m.—The jubila-
tion over General Warren's achieve-
ment in capturing Spion kop Wednes-
day night is chastened by the realiza-
tion that his success is only provisional,
as it appears clear from General Bul-
ler's dispatch that the Boers fully re-
cognize the strategical importance of
Spion kop and at the time his message
was sent off they had not abandoned
the hope of recapturing the position.
Nevertheless, a heavy load of anxiety
has been removed from the nation, and
there is general expectation that as the
British have succeeded in keeping the
hill all day they will manage to retain it
until General Warren plants guns
enough on it to dominate the Boer
trenches right and left.

A HERCULEAN TASK.
There is the usual disposition here to
exaggerate the importance of the point
secured, but the best informed people re-
alize that General Buller still has a
task ahead of him calling for the most
dogged persistence and untiring attack,
and that the difficulties will increase
as the position develops.

RELIEF OF THE TENSION.
London, Jan. 25.—The relief of the
tension on the Stock Exchange was
very marked after the receipt of the
news of the capture of Spion Kop. Busi-
ness began more cheerfully all around
and with an upward movement under
the influence of the news at the War
Office, and at the clubs and other re-
sorts there was a notable change from
the gloomy fears of yesterday. The
appearance of the news placards on the
streets sent crowds of people to the War
Office, and the lobbies were soon filled
to suffocation. Those near the notice-
board read over the news at frequent
intervals, for the benefit of the late ar-
rivals who were unable to approach,
and each successive reading led to a
renewal of cheering.

GEN. WOODGATE DEAD.
London, Jan. 25.—Advises have been
received from Spearman's Camp that
General Woodgate has succumbed to the
wounds he received in the attack
upon Spion Kop.

THE KENTUCKY CONTESTS.

THE BURDEN OF EVIDENCE— PRESENCE OF ARMED MEN.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 25.—Tissue bal-
lots and intimidation continue to be
the burden of the evidence offered by the
contestees before the Senate boards
hearing the gubernatorial contest.
To-day the State Contest Boards an-
nounced the result of their consid-
eration of the contestees' counter notices
and the contestees were granted time
to amend many paragraphs overruled
and denounced to.

Ex-Governor Bradley announced at
the beginning of the day's session that
a warrant was issued for the arrest of
Judge Sterling B. Toney, of the Louis-
ville Lay and Equity Court, for re-
fusal to come to Frankfort and testify.
The warrant was sent to Louisville for
service to-night, in response to ex-Gov-
ernor Bradley's request.

A dozen Wolf county election officers
testified to-day concerning the use of
alleged tissue ballots. Albert Brande-
a Louisville attorney, said he examined
the poll books of Louisville and found
that 27,165 voters indicated their party
affiliation when they registered. He
produced a tabulated statement show-
ing that 16.8 per cent. of the Demo-
cratic voters registered failed to vote
at the last election, and that 19.8 per
cent. of the Republicans registered failed
to vote.

The arrival in Frankfort this morn-

ing of from 800 to 1,000 men, armed
with rifles, might have terrorized a
community less insured to unusual and
sensational happenings, but by night-
fall the excitement caused by the ap-
pearance of the warlike visitors had
subsided and the people were prepared
for another turn in the events of new
making history at the State's capital.
The train that bore the armed men was
made up of fourteen coaches. Appar-
ently but few here knew that it was ex-
pected.

The men left the coaches in front of
the Louisville and Nashville station,
and forming into companies marched to
the State House, their arms were de-
posited promiscuously and the men
scattered about the buildings. Lunch
was served to them at the rear of the
State House. Most of the visitors wore
badges of white ribbon, adorned with a
picture of Governor Taylor. While it is
generally believed that many of the
men who arrived to-day are soldiers, no
person in authority will stand sponsor
for the statement, while Governor Tay-
lor and Adjutant-General Collier dis-
claim any connection with them. The
men hail from various sections of the
State.

After ex-Secretary of State Finley
and Judge Sharp addressed them at the
State House a committee was appointed
to draft resolutions which indicated
their mission. The resolutions as adopted
will be presented to both houses of
the Legislature to-morrow.

These recite the inherent principles
of liberty and free government, pro-
claimed in the Bill of Rights; the right
to freely communicate "our thoughts
and opinions," and assemble peacefully
for the good of fellow Kentuckians and
of appealing to their agents and
proxies, the Legislature; by either peti-

RACE QUESTION IN THE SENATE

The Proposed Amendment to the
North Carolina Constitution.

REPLY TO MR. FRITCHARD

The Cour d'Alene Mining Troubles—
Urgent Deficiency Bill Passed—
The Financial Measure—Mr. Mon-
ey of Mississippi Discusses at
Length the Race Question—Mr.
Chandler Made Hot by Sharp
Thrusts of Southerners.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Washington Jan. 25.—Another discus-
sion of the race question mainly oc-
cupied the Senate to-day. In accord-
ance with previous notice, Mr. Money
(Mississippi) spoke in reply to the re-
cent speech of Mr. Fritchard (North
Carolina) on the proposed amendment
to the North Carolina constitution.
There was a spirited colloquy between
Mr. Money and Mr. Chandler (New
Hampshire).

"JIM CROW" CAR BILL PASSED

Bill Requiring Negro Clubs to Pay
Retail Liquor Dealers Tax.

THE VOTERS TO DECIDE

The Question of Calling Constitution-
al Convention—"Jim Crow" Steam-
boat Bill Endorsed—Bill Provid-
ing For a Charter to Build Rail-
road From Richmond to Washing-
ton—Mr. Bryan Will Visit Rich-
mond—Consolidation Toll Roads
Bill.

(Special to Virginian-Pilot.)
Richmond, Va., Jan. 25.—With the
most perfect unanimity the Senate to-
day passed the bill introduced by Hon.
John E. Epps to compel the railroads
to provide separate cars for the two
races.
Hon. B. B. Munford, of this city, who
is recognized as one of the mouthpieces
for the railroads, made a lengthy
speech in favor of the bill, thus demon-

will be decided on next Thursday
night.

"JIM CROW" BOAT LAW IN- DORSED.

The bill of Mr. Matthews, of Accomac,
to make the steamboat companies
provide separate accommodations for
whites and blacks, was indorsed this
morning by the Senate Committee on
General Laws, and will no doubt be
passed by both branches of the Legis-
lature.

FROM RICHMOND TO WASH- INGTON.

A moment before the adjournment of
the Senate to-day a bill was introduced
which will, no doubt, create one of the
warmest fights of the session. It pro-
vides for a charter to construct a rail-
road to Washington, and is evidently
backed by the Seaboard Air Line.
Such a line would of necessity injure
the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Po-
tomac railroad, in which the State is a
large stockholder.

The bill is to incorporate the Wash-
ington Air Line Railway Company,
which is to extend from Richmond to
some point on the Potomac, either in
Alexandria or Fairfax county. The cor-
porators are George Wayne Anderson,
John Skelton Williams, E. St. John, J.
William Middendorf, James H. Dooley,
S. L. Kelley, S. S. Patterson, Gardner
L. Boothe and Julien L. Burke.
It will be observed that three of its
incorporators—Messrs. Anderson, Pat-
terson and Kelley—are members of the
present Legislature. The capital stock
is not to be less than \$500,000.

STATE MUST SELL.

Before the Richmond, Fredericksburg
and Potomac road can be paralleled,
the State must sell its holdings in that
company. It is presumed the Seaboard
Air Line will be willing to buy out the
interests of the Commonwealth in this
line in order to be able to build its own
line to Washington. Or, the proposed
road may be built by such route as not
to be construed as paralleling the old
company. The bill simply provides
that a railroad may be built from some
point in Henrico to the Potomac river
and does not designate the counties
through which the road shall run.

REPORTED ADVERSELY.

The Senate Committee on Privileges
and Elections reported, with the recom-
mendation that it do not pass, the
Barksdale bill to prevent the corrupt
use of money in elections. The act was
never considered at any meeting of the
committee, but the members thoroughly
acquainted themselves with the provi-
sions of the measure. Mr. Barksdale
insisted upon a report in order to bring
the measure before the Senate, and the
members of the committee were polled
and the report was agreed upon. Mr.
Barksdale proposes to make a big fight
for the bill on the floor of the Senate.

BRYAN WILL COME.

The joint committee appointed to in-
vite Hon. William J. Bryan to deliver
an address before the General Assem-
bly met to-day. A telegram was sent
to Mr. Bryan at Harrisburg, Pa., ask-
ing when it would suit his convenience
to visit Richmond. Mr. Bryan will
stop in Richmond on his way to Mis-
sissippi. The committee is composed of
Senators Barksdale and Glass, Dele-
gates Embrey T. N. Jones and Early.
Mr. Barksdale will be accorded the
honor of introducing Mr. Bryan to the
Richmond audience.

PASSED BY.

The Senate Committee on Finance
this morning passed by the considera-
tion of the Lupton tax commission bill.
It is probable a substitute will be per-
fected and introduced looking to the
creation of a Board of Equalization of
Taxes. Senator Fairfax offered such an
act a few years ago, and it passed the
Senate, but failed in the House. The
idea of such a board is to put down as-
sessments in certain counties and to in-
crease them in other counties.

THE SOLDIERS' HOME.

When the Senate met a resolution
was presented by Senator Foster, of
Norfolk, providing for a joint commis-
sion to visit the Soldiers' Home at
Hampton and obtain information as to
the management of that institution
with a view to ascertaining the cost of
maintaining the Home, the character of
the diet, quarters, etc.
Mr. Foster stated that such informa-
tion as might be gathered would be
useful to the Legislature in dealing with
the Soldiers' Home at Richmond.

Senators Wickham, of Fairfax, and
Tyler opposed the resolution. They
stated that the Legislature of Virginia
had no right to investigate a National
Soldiers' Home, but the information de-
sired could be obtained by some other
method.

AFTER NEGRO CLUBS.

Delegate Whitehead, of Norfolk, has
introduced, at the request of the Retail
Liquor Dealers' Association of Norfolk,
a bill requiring negro clubs, which now
are supposed to pay the State \$1 a
member, to be put in on a similar basis
of license tax as retail liquor dealers
and to pay the same license. It is be-
lieved by the Mayor, Police Justice
Judge of the Corporation Court of Nor-
folk and others that this is the only
way to break up a large number of
negro clubs in that city who pay the
State about \$30 license, and which have
large numbers of members outside and
do a regular bar business. President
Charles G. Cannon, of the Norfolk Re-
tail Liquor Dealers' Association, is here
looking after the bill.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

The joint caucus of the Senate and
House to-night decided upon the mea-
sure providing for submission to the
voters of the State the question of call-
ing a constitutional convention.
T. C. Pilcher presided, and Senator
Lupton offered the resolution. Several
speeches were made, and it was decided
to make it a party question in the next
campaign.

INTRODUCED.

A large number of bills were intro-
duced, among them the following:
By Mr. John Whitehead and Mr.
Lyons—To incorporate the Norfolk and
Berkley Bridge Company.
By Mr. John Whitehead—To provide

CONGRESS WON'T HAVE ROBERTS

House Votes to Exclude Him and
Declare His Seat Vacant.

SAYS IT IS PREJUDICE

How the Vote to Exclude Him Was
Divided Politically.

A PARTING STATEMENT

Roberts Was Present Throughout the
Day and Gave Out Parting State-
ment Justifying His Retention of
His Plural Wives—Claims He Was
Martyr to "Spasm of Prejudice"—
Will Not Run for Congress Again,
but Will Go Back to Utah With a
Light Heart.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Washington, Jan. 25.—The case of
Brigham H. Roberts, the Mormon rep-
resentative-elect from Utah, which has
occupied so much of the attention of
the House since the assembling of Con-
gress was decided to-day by the adop-
tion of a resolution to exclude him by
a vote of 263 to 50.

The exact language of the resolution
was as follows:

"That under the facts and circum-
stances of the case, Brigham H.
Roberts, representative-elect from the
State of Utah, ought not to have or
hold a seat in the House of Represent-
atives, and that the seat to which he
was elected is hereby declared vacant."
The amendment to expel Mr. Roberts
without sending him, offered by Mr.
Lacy, was ruled out on a point of order,
and the House only voted upon the re-
solutions of the majority and minority
of the committee. The latter to seat
and then expel Mr. Roberts was defeat-
ed 81 to 24.

An analysis of this vote shows that
170 Republicans, 75 Democrats and 2
Populists voted against it, and 71 Demo-
crats, 6 Republicans, two Populists and
two Silver Republicans voted for it.

The majority resolutions—"to exclude
Mr. Roberts and declare the seat vac-
ant"—were adopted 263 to 50. The af-
firmative vote was divided as follows:
Republicans, 163; Democrats, 86; Popu-
lists, 4; and the negative vote: Demo-
crats, 47; Silver Republicans, 2; Popu-
lists, 1.

A PARTING STATEMENT.

There were a score of speakers to-
day. Mr. Roberts was present through-
out the day, and only left the hall after
the result of the last vote had been an-
nounced. As he did so he gave out a
statement justifying his retention of
his plural wives on the ground that his
moral obligation was more binding
upon his conscience than technical
obedience to statutory law, and saying
that there was little excuse for the ex-
traordinary efforts to crush a system
already abandoned and practically dead.

WON'T RUN AGAIN.

He says he was a martyr to a "spasm of
prejudices." He would not, he said,
attempt to run for Congress again,
although he would go back home with
a light heart, confident of the future.

THE DEBATE.

Mr. Talbert, of South Carolina, said
that in a case of such abnormal and
defiant immorality technicalities should
not weigh. Representing the constitu-
ency he did, he said, he should vote
against Roberts first, last and all the
time.

Mr. Adamson (Georgia) said viola-
tion of the statute against the sexes un-
lawfully living together entitled the of-
fender to membership in the peniten-
tiary rather than the House of Repre-
sentatives.

Mr. Grosvenor (Ohio) supported the
views of the majority in favor of ex-
clusion.

Mr. Morris (Minnesota), a member of
the special committee which investi-
gated the Roberts case and who signed
the majority report, advocated its
adoption in an hour's speech. If the
constitutional qualifications could not
be added to, said he, the House would
be compelled to admit a drivelling idiot,
a base traitor or a red-handed murder-
er. The Supreme Court had held that
polygamy was not a religious tenet.
Mr. De Armond (Missouri) closed the

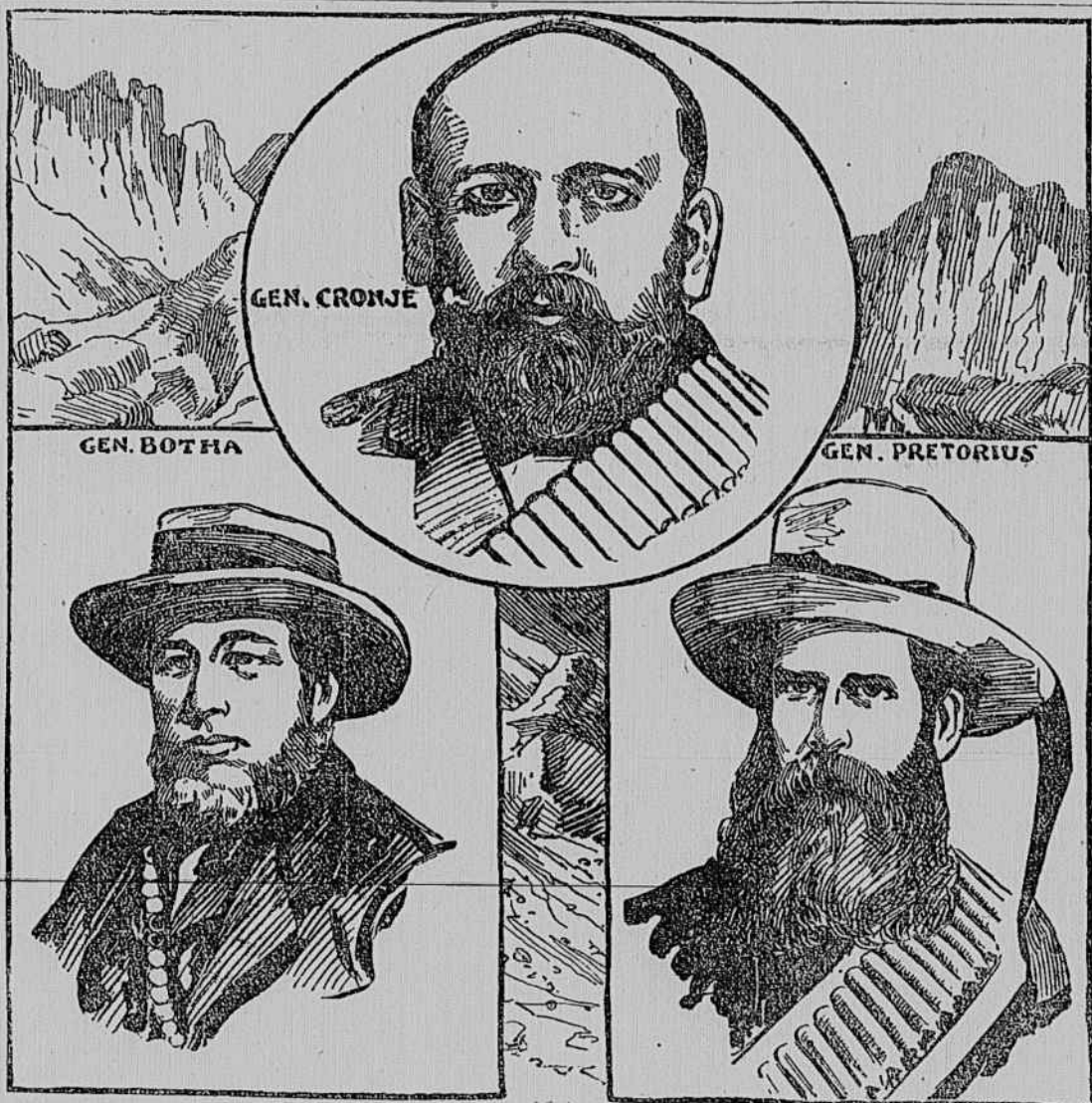
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CLASSIFICATION OF NEWS.

BY DEPARTMENTS.

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Local News—Pages 2, 3, 5 and 6.
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Virginia News—Page 8.
North Carolina News—Page 7.
South Carolina News—Page 10.
Berkley News—Page 11.
Markets—Page 12.
Shipping—Page 9.
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THREE BOER GENERALS WHO BLOCK THE BRITISH ADVANCE.

The three generals who, under the direction of General Joubert, are blocking the advance of Buller toward Ladysmith are General Cronje, General Pretorius and General Botha, all heroes of the war of 1881, when the British were defeated.

COEUR D'ALENE TROUBLES.

Mr. Cockrell (Missouri), from the Mil-
itary Affairs Committee, reported a
substitute for Mr. Pettigrew's resolu-
tion regarding the Coeur d'Alene min-
ing troubles last year.

The substitute calls upon the Sec-
retary of War to submit to the Senate
copies of all orders given to General H.
C. Merriam and to all officers under
him, and especially any proclamation
of General Merriam, and as to the or-
ders concerning the treatment of civ-
ilian prisoners. The resolution was
passed.

CUSTOMS AND REVENUES.

The resolution of Mr. Allen (Ne-
braska) calling on the Secretary of
War for all orders and information con-
cerning the collection of customs and
revenues in the islands of Cuba, Puerto
Rico and the Philippines was passed
with a slight modification.

URGENT DEFICIENCY BILL.

The urgent deficiency bill was then
called up. Mr. Hale (Maine), in re-
sponse to inquiries from Mr. Pettigrew,
said the bill carried about \$9,000,000;
that it contained no provision for the
payment of the rental of the old cus-
tom house in New York. He could not
say, however, how much was devoted
to the Philippine war.

Mr. Pettigrew maintained that before
any further approval of the expendi-
ture of money was made Congress
ought to determine the right or wrong
of the Philippine war, which was be-
ing conducted without authority of
Congress. He said he would not re-

strating that the roads have recognized
the inevitable and determined to make
a virtue of necessity.

The bill has already passed the House
and it is understood that Governor
Tyler will sign the same as soon as it
reaches him. The law goes into effect
July 1st next, but it is said that some
of the railroads will anticipate it in
order to gain, as far as possible, the
good will of the people.

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